

Dillwyn

Designed by the Berroco Design Team



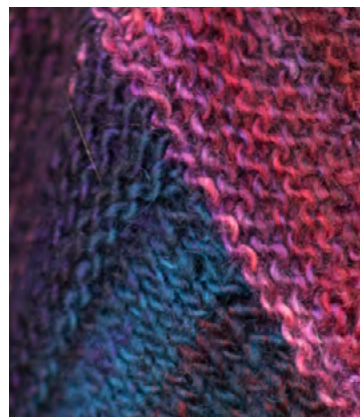
skill level: Intermediate
One size

finished measurements
Approximately 4½" wide x 60" long

yarn
[BERROCO MILLEFIORI LIGHT](#) (100 grs):
1 hank #6883 Sedum

needles and notions
Straight needles, size 5 (3.75 mm) or
size to obtain gauge

gauge
24 sts and 32 rows = 4" in St st
To save time, take time to check gauge



Berroco
Millefiori® Light

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NOTE: We recommend using yarns called for in our instructions. Every effort has been made to ensure that directions contained in this book are accurate and complete, however errors do occur. We cannot be responsible for variance of individual knitters, human or typographical errors.

All pattern PDFs are updated when corrections are made. In the event of finding an error, please make sure you've downloaded the most recent version.

SPECIAL ABBREVIATION

Inc 1: Knit in front and back of next st on knit rows; purl in back and front of next st on purl rows.

PATTERN STITCH

Work 16 rows Garter St, 16 rows St st, then 16 rows Garter St.

Repeat these 48 rows for Pattern Stitch.

BEGINNING TRIANGLE

With straight needles, cast on 1 st.

Row 1 (RS): Inc 1—2 sts.

Row 2: Inc 1, knit to end—3 sts. Working in Pattern Stitch, rep Row 2 fifteen times more, end on WS—18 sts.

Next Row (RS): Rep Row 2—19 sts.

Next Row (WS): Inc 1, purl to end—20 sts. Rep the last 2 rows 14 times more, then rep Row 2 until there are 40 sts on needle, end on WS.

SHORT ROW SECTION

Note: Continue working in Pattern Stitch.

Row 1 (RS): Inc 1, SSK, turn.

Row 2 and all WS rows: Knit or purl, depending on Pattern Stitch.

Row 3: Inc 1, k1, SSK, turn.

Row 5: Inc 1, k2, SSK, turn.

Row 7: Inc 1, k3, SSK, turn. Continue in this manner, working 1 more stitch every RS row until all 40 sts have been worked. Repeat Short Row Section until scarf measures approximately 60" from beginning, end with 16 rows of St st.

Dec Row: SSK, knit to end—1 st dec'd. Rep Dec Row until 1 st remains. Fasten off.

FINISHING

Weave in all ends and block as desired.



STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS & TERMS

beg: beginning
CC: contrasting color
CDD: Centered Double Decrease—Slip 2 together (as if to k2tog), knit 1, pass the 2 slipped stitches over
cn: cable needle
dec: decrease
dpn(s): double pointed needle(s)
end on WS: end having just completed a Wrong Side row.
end on RS: end having just completed a Right Side row
Garner St: Knit EVERY row when working back and forth in rows. Knit 1 round, purl 1 round when working in the round.
inc: increase
k: knit
k tbl: knit through the back loop(s)
k2tog: knit 2 stitches together
k3tog: knit 3 stitches together
kfb: knit in the front and back of the next st
LH: left hand
LLI: Left Lifted Increase—Insert LH needle into the purl bump one row below the st just worked on the RH needle and knit into this st (1 st inc'd)
M1: Make 1—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from front to back, place on left hand needle, knit this stitch through the back (1 stitch increased).
M1L: Make 1 Left—Work as for M1.
M1p: Make 1 purl—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from front to back, place on left hand needle, purl this stitch through the back (1 stitch increased).
M1pL: Make 1 purl Left—Work as for M1p.
M1pR: Make 1 purl Right—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from back to front, place on left hand needle, purl this stitch through the front (1 stitch increased).
M1R: Make 1 Right—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from back to front, place on left hand needle, knit this stitch through the front (1 stitch increased).
MC: main color
p: purl
p tbl: purl through the back loop(s)
p2tog: purl 2 stitches together

p3tog: purl 3 stitches together
pat(s): pattern(s)
pm: place marker
pssso: pass slipped stitch over knit stitch
rep: repeat
Rev St st: Reverse Stockinette Stitch—Purl 1 row, knit 1 row alternately when working back and forth in rows. The purl side is the right side of the work. Purl EVERY round when working in the round.
RH: right hand
RLI: Right Lifted Increase—Insert RH needle into the purl bump of the next st on the LH needle and knit into this st (1 st inc'd)
rnd(s): round(s)
RS: right side
sl: slip
sm: slip marker
SSK: Slip 2 stitches knitwise, insert point of left hand needle through fronts of these 2 stitches and knit 2 together.
SSP: Slip 2 stitches knitwise, transfer these 2 stitches back to left hand needle, purl 2 together through the back loops.
SSSK: Slip 3 stitches knitwise, insert point of left hand needle through fronts of these 3 stitches and knit 3 together.
st(s): stitch(es)
St st: Stockinette Stitch—Knit 1 row, purl 1 row alternately when working back and forth in rows. The knit side is the right side of work. Knit EVERY round when working in the round.
tbl: through back loop(s)
w&t: wrap and turn, a method of concealing a hole created in short row shaping. *On RS rows:* With yarn held in front, slip next stitch purlwise, then bring yarn between needles to the back. Slip that same stitch back to the left needle. Turn your work. *On WS Rows:* With yarn held in back, slip next stitch purlwise, then bring yarn between needles to the front. Slip that same stitch back to the left needle. Turn your work. Unless otherwise indicated, each time you come to a wrapped stitch when working subsequent rows, slip the wrap back over stitch and onto needle, then work the wrap together with its accompanying stitch.
WS: wrong side
wyib: with yarn in back
wyif: with yarn in front
yo: yarn over

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